



ERYTHRINA CRISTAGALLI LECTIN (ECL, ECA), BIOTINYLATED

SKU: B-1145-5



DESCRIPTION

The carbohydrate structure to which ECL binds is frequently found in membrane and serum glycoproteins of mammalian origin. Sialic acid substitution on this structure appears to prevent the lectin from binding. This specificity offers an opportunity to utilize agarose bound ECL to isolate or fractionate mammalian glycoproteins.

This lectin has been reported to be useful for the isolation of human natural killer (NK) cells using a negative selection panning technique (protocol available upon request or on our website). Human NK cells appear to lack accessible surface carbohydrate structures required for binding ECL and, unlike other mononuclear cells, do not adhere to ECL-coated culture dishes. Since this procedure involves a negative selection panning technique, a high recovery of viable NK cells can be obtained. The adherent cells can also be recovered by incubation in galactose or lactose.

Biotinylated *Erythrina cristagalli* lectin has an appropriate number of biotins bound to provide

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the optimum staining characteristics for this lectin. This conjugate is supplied essentially free of unconjugated biotins and is preserved with sodium azide.

SPECIFICATIONS

Molecular Weight	54
Extinction Coefficient	1.3
Formulation	10 mM HEPES, 0.15 M NaCl, pH 7.5, 0.1 mM CaCl ₂ , 0.08% sodium azide.
Inhibiting or Eluting Sugar	Lactose
Unit Size	5 mg
Storage Instructions	2-8 °C; Store frozen for long term storage
Sugar Specificity	Terminal type 2 LacNAc, and terminal type 2 LacdiNAc
Usage Summary	For most applications we recommend a freshly prepared working solution of 5-20 µg/ml in the below buffer.
Applications	Immunohistochemistry / Immunocytochemistry, Immunofluorescence, Blotting Applications, Elispot, ELISAs, Glycobiology
Concentration	5 mg active conjugate/ml
Conjugate	Biotinylated

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Erythrina cristagalli lectin consists of two different subunits of approximately 28 kDa and 26 kDa. The carbohydrate structure to which ECL binds is frequently found in membrane and serum glycoproteins of mammalian origin. Sialic acid substitution on this structure appears to prevent the lectin from binding. This specificity offers an opportunity to utilize agarose bound ECL to isolate or fractionate mammalian glycoproteins.

This biotinylated lectin is an ideal intermediate for examining glycoconjugates using the Biotin-Avidin/Streptavidin System. First the biotinylated lectin is added, followed by the VECTASTAIN ABC Reagent, Avidin D conjugate, or streptavidin derivative.

Inhibiting/Eluting Sugar: 200 mM lactose

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CITATIONS



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DOCUMENTS

- [Safety Data Sheet](#)
- [Lectins in Histochemistry, ELISA, and Western Blot Applications](#)
- [Download CoA](#)
- [Datasheet](#)

GALLERY IMAGES



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