# USER GUIDE

# OPP Plus Protein Synthesis Assay Protocol



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Many commercial OPP-based kits used for detecting of newly synthesized proteins provide great results, but are often quite expensive and provide fixed amounts of reagents, which limits optimized or off-protocol use of these kits. Self-assembled kits are a viable alternative to commercially available kits, in particular when all of the components are widely available from a number of suppliers. The amounts of reagents and the click reaction conditions are very similar between many commercial kits, and are in line with large number of published procedures for OPP-based detection of newly synthesized proteins. Using the provided protocols, a researcher will be able to assemble an OPP Protein Synthesis Assay that would require very little, if any, fine tuning.

The OPP Plus kits provide improved biocompatibility and detection limit compared to traditional OPP kits by employing s more reactive copper-chelating azide for OPP detection. These kits were first commercialized by ThermoFisher Scientific and sold under Click-iT® Plus OPP assays. The introduction of a copper-chelating moiety at the azide reporter molecule allows for a dramatic increase of the effective Cu(I) concentration at the reaction site, enhancing the weakest link in the reaction rate acceleration, greatly increasing the sensitivity and biocompatibility of OPP-based assays for analyzing protein synthesis in cells.

## **Materials Required**

- OPP (https://clickchemistrytools.com/product/opp/)
- AFDye Picolyl Azide (https://clickchemistrytools.com/product-category/azides-2/fluorescent-picolyl-azides/)
- Copper (II) Sulfate pentahydrate https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/catalog/product/sigald/c7631?lang=en&region=US
- THPTA (https://clickchemistrytools.com/product/thpta/)
- Sodium ascorbate (https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/catalog/product/sigma/a4034?lang=en&region=US)
- Fixative (3.7% formaldehyde in PBS)
- Permeabilization reagent (for example, 0.5% solution of Triton<sup>®</sup>X-100 in PBS)
- 3% BSA in PBS (pH 7.4)
- Coverslips/microscope slides

- Mounting media
- Hoechst 33342 (optional)

### **Material Preparation**

- OPP Stock Solution: Prepare 20 mM solution of OPP in DMSO or water, for example to make 1 mL of 20 mM stock solution dissolve 10 mg in 1 mL of DMSO or Water.
- AFDye Picolyl Azide Stock Solution: Prepare 1 mM solution in DMSO or water. Example: to make 150 μL dissolve the entire AFDye Picolyl Azide Kit Pack in 150 μL of DMSO or water.
- Copper Catalyst (25 mM CuSO<sub>4</sub>, 62.5 mM THPTA) solution: Weight out 312 mg of Copper (II) Sulfate Pentahydrate and 1.35 g of THPTA, mix, add 50 mL of water, vortex to dissolve completely.
- **Reaction Buffer:** 50 mM Tris, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.5. Dissolve 3.02 g of Tris, 4.4 g of NaCl in 500 mL of water, adjust pH to 7.5, sterile filter.
- Hoechst 33342: 10 mg/mL stock solution. Dissolve 1 mg of Hoechst 33342 in 100  $\mu$ L of DI water.
- Reducing Agent: Dissolve 20 mg of Sodium Ascorbate in 1.8 mL of deionized water. Vortex until completely dissolved. Sodium ascorbate solution is susceptible to oxidation. We recommend always using freshly prepared solution of sodium ascorbate.
- Wash buffer (0.5 mM EDTA, 2 mM NaN<sub>3</sub> in PBS): Add 1 mL of 0.5 M EDTA and 0.13 g of dry sodium azide to 1 L of PBS. Sterile filter for long term storage.

## Cell Labeling with OPP

This protocol is based on a large number of publications of OPP-based procedures for analyzing peptide synthesis in cells used with different types of cells. We recommend initial concertation of OPP reagent set at  $20 \,\mu$ M but may need adjustment depending on the given cell type. Growth medium, cell density, cell type variations, and other factors may influence labeling. Investigators are encouraged to determine the optimal concentration of the OPP reagent as well as labeling time individually for each cell type on a small-scale first.

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# USER GUIDE

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- 1.1 Plate the cells on coverslips at the desired density and allow them to recover overnight before additional treatment.
- 1.2 Prepare 20 mM solution of OPP in DMSO or water.
- 1.3 Add desired amount of OPP to cells in culture medium to achieve optimal working OPP concentration (20  $\mu$ M, if not optimized).
- 1.4 During addition of OPP to cells in culture, avoid disturbing the cells in ways that may disrupt the normal cell cycling patterns.
- 1.5 Incubate the cells for 30 minutes under conditions optimal for the cell type. Different cell types may require different incubation periods for optimal labeling with OPP.
- 1.6 Proceed immediately to **Cell fixation and permeabilization.**

# Cell fixation and permeabilization

The following protocol is provided for the fixation step using 3.7% formaldehyde in PBS followed by a 0.5% Triton®X-100 permeabilization step. Protocols using other fixation/permeabilization reagents, such as methanol and saponin, can also be used.

- 2.1 Transfer each coverslip into a single well. For convenient processing, use 6-well plates.
- 2.2 After metabolic labeling, remove the media and add 1 mL of 3.7% formaldehyde in PBS to each well containing the coverslips. Incubate for 15 minutes at room temperature.
- 2.3 Remove the fixative and wash the cells in each well twice with 1 mL of 3% BSA in PBS.
- 2.4 Remove the wash solution. Add 1 mL of 0.5% Triton® X-100 in PBS to each well, then incubate at room temperature for 20 minutes.

# **OPP** detection

Note: 500  $\mu$ L of the reaction cocktail is used per coverslip. A smaller volume can be used as long as the remaining reaction components are maintained at the same ratios.

3.1 Prepare the required amount of the reaction cocktail according to Table 1. Add the ingredients in the order listed in the table. Use the reaction cocktail within 15 minutes of preparation.

### Table 1.

Reaction component	Number of coverslips						
	1	2	4	5	10	25	50
1x Reaction Buffer (Material preparation)	430 µL	860 μL	1.7 mL	2.2 mL	4.3 mL	10.7 mL	21.4 mL
Copper Catalyst (Material preparation)	20 µL	40 µL	80 µL	100 µL	200 µL	500 μL	1 mL
Picolyl Azide Solution (Material preparation)	2.5 μL	5 μL	10 µL	12.5 μL	25 µL	62.5 μL	125 µL
Reducing Agent (Material preparation)	50 µL	100 µL	200 µL	250 μL	500 μL	1.25 mL	2.5 mL
Total Volume	500 μL	1 mL	2.0 mL	2.5 mL	5.0 mL	12.5 mL	25 mL

- 3.2 Remove the permeabilization buffer (step 2.4).Wash the cells in each well twice with 1 mL of 3% BSA in PBS.Remove the wash solution.
- 3.3 Add 0.5 mL of the **Reaction Cocktail** to each well containing a coverslip.Rock the plate briefly to ensure that the reaction cocktail is distributed evenly over the coverslip.
- 3.4 **Protect from light**, and incubate the plate for 30 minutes at room temperature.
- 3.5 Remove the reaction cocktail.Wash each well once with 1 mL of 3% BSA in PBS.Remove the wash solution.
- 3.6 Wash each well once with 1 mL of **Wash Buffer.** Remove the wash solution.
- 3.7 Wash each well once with 1 mL of PBS. Remove the wash solution.

At this point the samples are ready for **DNA staining**. If no **DNA staining** is desired, proceed to **Imaging**.

If antibody labeling of the samples is desired, proceed to labeling according to manufacturer's recommendations. **Keep the samples protected from light during incubation.** 

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### **DNA** staining

- 4.1 Wash each well with 1 mL of PBS. Remove the wash solution.
- 4.2 Prepare 1x Hoechst 33342 solution by diluting stock solution of Hoechst 33342 1:2,000. The final concentration of 1x Hoechst 33342 solution is 5 μg/mL.
  Final concentrations of 1x Hoechst 33342 may range from 2 μg/mL to 10 μg/mL.
- 4.3 Add 1 mL of 1x **Hoechst 33342 solution** per well. **Protect from light**. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature.
- 4.4 Remove the Hoechst 33342 solution.
- 4.5 Wash each well twice with 1 mL of PBS.
- 4.6 Remove the wash solution.

### Imaging

Labeled cells are compatible with all methods of slide preparation.

## References

 Liu J, Xu Y, Stoleru D, Salic A. Imaging protein synthesis in cells and tissues with an alkyne analog of puromycin. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2012 Jan 10;109(2):413-8. doi: 10.1073/pnas.1111561108.